



Technical booklet
CRP Lifting station
2025



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General description

The CRP lifting station is primarily designed for the collection and transport of wastewater or stormwater.

The CRP lifting station is made of fiberglass-reinforced polyester (GRP) and consists of a self-cleaning base, a shell, and an optional cover. It's equipped with customized piping and various components specified based on project requirements.

It is provided with a customized piping system and various components determined according to the project data.

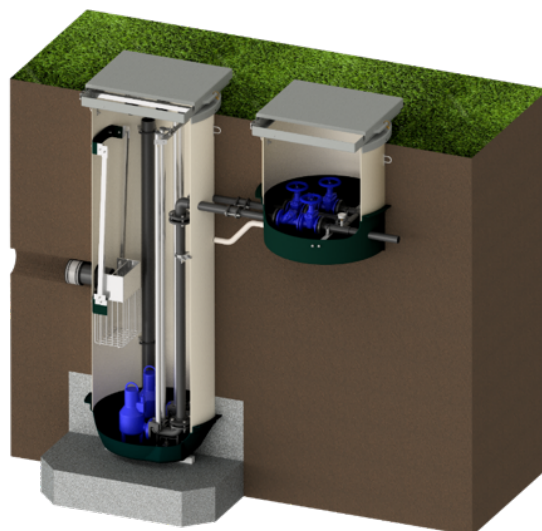
The CRP lifting station is durable, rot-proof, non-corrodible, and non-porous.

The CRP lifting station is fully modular and can be configured using our dedicated application (contact us for details).

Applications

The primary application of the CRP lifting station is the collection and transport of the following effluents :

- Municipal and domestic wastewater
- Drainage water
- Stormwater
- Industrial wastewater (under certain conditions)



Usage Limitations

The CRP lifting station is primarily designed to be installed underground. It can be installed in flood-prone areas, under green spaces, under roads, or along the roadside.

In its standard version, the CRP lifting station can handle effluents with pH values between 5.5 and 8 at temperatures up to 30°C.

Upon request, the CRP station can be adapted to contain effluents with pH values between 4 and 11, at temperatures up to 80°C.

For above-ground use: please contact us.

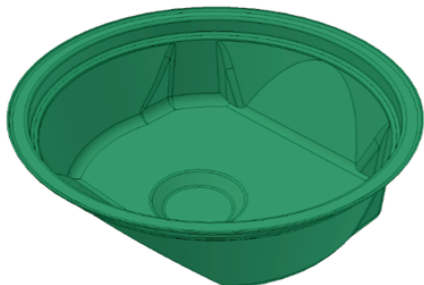
CRP Station Range

The CRP lifting station is available with inner diameters ranging from 800 mm to 2400 mm and depths from 1.5 m to 9 m.

Model	Inner Diameter	Height	Number of Pumps	Discharge connexion Diameter
CRP800	Ø800	1,50 à 4,00 m	1	DN50
CRP1000	Ø1000	1,50 à 8,00 m	1 à 2	DN50 à DN65
CRP1200	Ø1200	1,50 à 8,00 m	1 à 2	DN50 à DN80
CRP1400	Ø1400	1,50 à 8,00 m	1 à 2	DN50 à DN100
CRP1600	Ø1600	1,50 à 8,00 m	1 à 2	DN50 à DN150
CRP1800	Ø1800	1,50 à 8,00 m	1 à 3	DN50 à DN150
CRP2000	Ø2000	1,50 à 9,00 m	1 à 3	DN50 à DN200
CRP2400	Ø2400	1,50 à 9,00 m	1 à 3	DN50 à DN250

Design and Construction

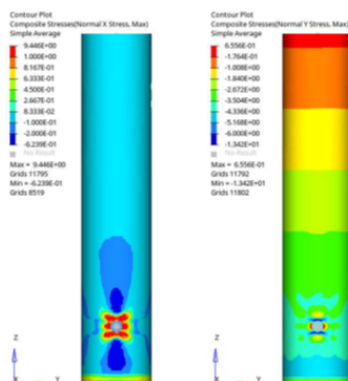
1. Base



The base of the CRP station is moulded using either vacuum injection (RTM) or infusion technique. These manufacturing methods ensure consistent, high-quality parts. Its smooth walls and sloped surfaces direct effluents toward the center of the station, minimizing sediment or grease build-up. A central gutter allows for total cleaning and drying of the station when necessary. A peripheral flange is included for anchoring the station to the ground.

2. Shell

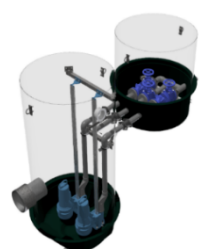
The cylindrical shell of the CRP station is moulded using filament winding in accordance with EN13121 standards. Its inner surface is protected by an anti-corrosion liner to withstand chemical attacks from effluents.



The station's mechanical strength, particularly its resistance to buckling, is achieved through a combination of orthogonal and helical filament winding.

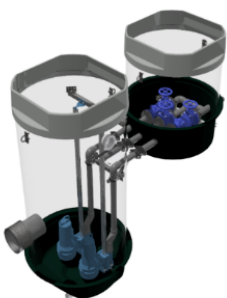
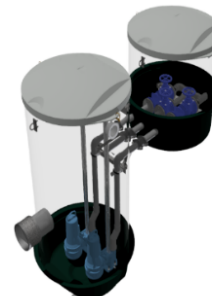
3. Cover

The CRP lifting station can be equipped with various types of covers (GRP or mixed GRP/Aluminium) depending on the installation location.



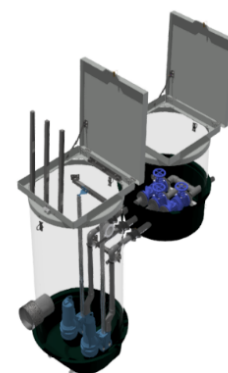
- **No cover version:** Suitable only for under-road installations.

- **Simple cover:** Fits directly on top of the shell and allows for full opening. It is secured to the shell with two padlocks. This version is intended for installations under green spaces.



- **Lost formwork:** Simplifies formwork during the construction of a concrete slab at the top of the station. Used in installations along the roadside.

- **Articulated cover:** Composed of two parts, one fixed to the shell and the other hinged. It includes a support that keeps the movable part upright.



Cover Type	Green Space	Roadside	Under Road
No Cover	No	No	Yes
Simple Cover	Yes	No	No
Lost Formwork	No	Yes	Yes
Articulated Cover (GRP or Alu)	Yes	Yes	No

4. Safety grid device

For safe access during maintenance or servicing, the station can optionally be equipped with a safety grid device. This system consists of a set of automatically retracting rungs with an impact resistance of 1200 joules, preventing accidental falls.

The device is designed in accordance with Annex 5 of the INRS document ED6076 (December 2010) on the design and layout of wastewater lifting stations. This anti-fall device has been certified by APAVE under certification number PV No. 13194082, dated April 10, 2013.



5. Discharge Pipe

Discharge pipes are available in either pressure PVC or stainless steel 316L.

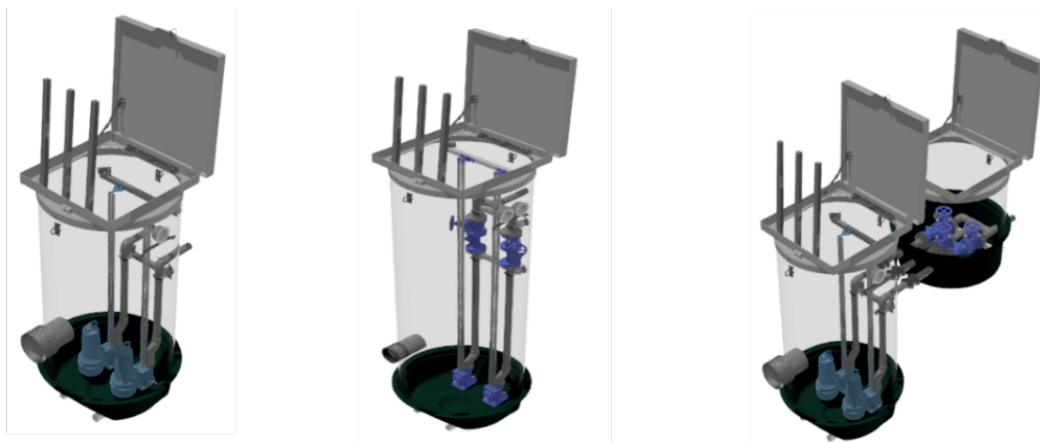
Nominal Diameter	PVC pipe (PVC-U)			Tube Inox 316L roulé soudé		
	EN 1452			EN 10217-7		
	Outer diameter (mm)	Thickness (mm)	Nominal pressure (PN)	Outer diameter (mm)	Thickness (mm)	Pressure max (Bar)
DN15	20	2,3	PN25	21,3	2	110,1
DN20	25	2,8	PN25	26,9	2	87,3
DN25	32	2,4	PN16	33,7	2	69,5
DN32	40	3	PN16	42,4	2	55,1
DN40	50	3,7	PN16	48,3	2	48,5
DN50	63	4,7	PN16	60,3	2	38,7
DN65	75	5,6	PN16	76,1	2	30,8
DN80	90	4,3	PN10	88,9	2	26,1
DN100	110	5,3	PN10	114,3	2	20,5
DN125	125	4,8	PN10	139,7	2	16,8
DN150	160	6,2	PN10	168,3	2	14
DN200	200	7,7	PN10	219,1	2	10,7
DN250	250	9,6	PN10	273	2	8,4
DN300	315	12,1	PN10	323,9	2,9	10,7
DN400	400	9,8	PN6	406,4	2,9	8,9

6. Valves

Montage Standard	<p>Tuyauterie PVC Montage bride/bride</p> 	 <p>Vannes FSH à opercules caoutchouc et clapet époxy AVK</p> 	Montage Optionnel
	<p>Tuyauterie inox 316L Montage bride/bride</p> 		
	<p>Tuyauterie inox 316L Montage bride/raccord démontage</p> 		

7. Installation Types

- **TM1:** Each discharge pipe in the station is equipped with an independent piping system without valves. Use for simple lifting applications.
- **TM2:** Each discharge pipe in the station is equipped with piping and internal valves, connected to a manifold with a single outlet.
- **TM3:** Each discharge pipe in the station is equipped with an independent piping system without valves. For additional security, the valves are placed in an external inspection chamber, complementing the installation.



8. Valves Chamber



The CRP external inspection chamber is available with inner diameters ranging from 1000 mm to 2400 mm and depths from 0.8 m to 3.5 m.

Model	Inner Diameter	Height	Max Valve DN
CRP1000	Ø1000	0.8 to 3.5 m	DN65
CRP1200	Ø1200	0.8 to 3.5 m	DN80
CRP1400	Ø1400	0.8 to 3.5 m	DN100
CRP1600	Ø1600	0.8 to 3.5 m	DN150
CRP2000	Ø2000	0.8 to 3.5 m	DN200
CRP2400	Ø2400	0.8 to 3.5 m	DN250

The CRP valve chamber is made of fiberglass-reinforced polyester (GRP). It features a flat base with a drainage channel, a shell, and an optional cover. It is primarily equipped with piping and valves. The valve chamber is durable, rot-proof, non-corrodible, and non-porous.

9. Design

The base of the CRP inspection chamber is molded by vacuum injection (RTM) or by infusion, ensuring consistent quality through reproducible parts. Its smooth surface allows for easy maintenance, while a central channel collects drainage water, keeping internal equipment dry. A peripheral flange allows the inspection chamber to be anchored in the ground.



Material Specifications

10. Resins

Resins are selected to ensure that, at maximum operating temperature, there is no reduction in mechanical properties. Manufacturing Process and Resin Specifications

Process	Filament Winding		Hand Lay Up	RTM/Infusion
Resin	Vinylester	Polyester	Polyester	Polyester
HDT Temperature (°C)	115	64	55	80
Density (kg/m ³)	1110	1200	1200	1200
Elastic Modulus (MPa)	3500	3715	3300	4000
Tensile Strength (MPa)	83	57	55	52
Compressive Strength (MPa)	126	126	126	126
Shear Strength (MPa)	43	43	43	43
Elongation at Break (%)	4.2	2.3	2.4	2.0
Poisson's Ratio	0.30	0.37	0.37	0.37

11. E-Glass Fiber

The mechanical properties of E-glass Fibers are detailed below:

Property	Value
Fiber Density (kg/m ³)	2540
Elastic Modulus (MPa)	73000
Shear Modulus (MPa)	29900
Poisson's Ratio	0.22
Tensile Strength (MPa)	1990
Compressive Strength (MPa)	1200



12. Polyester Shells

The properties of GRP laminates, including elasticity and limit deformation, are determined according to the EN 13121-3 standard.

Diameter (mm)	Elastic Modulus Axial (MPa)	Elastic Modulus Circumferential (MPa)	Elastic Modulus Circumferential Bending (MPa)	Axial Tensile Strength (MPa)	Circumferential Tensile Strength (MPa)	Axial Strain Limit (%)	Circumferential Strain Limit (%)
Ø800	10,881	28,474	27,67	43.4	455	0.20%	0.23%
Ø1000	11,11	30,921	29,483	41.7	531	0.20%	0.23%
Ø1200	11,304	32,628	31,255	40.9	550	0.20%	0.23%
Ø1400	11,42	33,653	32,229	40.8	569	0.20%	0.23%
Ø1600	11,516	34,511	32,948	40.7	586	0.20%	0.23%
Ø1800	11,554	34,856	33,18	40.6	575	0.20%	0.23%
Ø2000	11,629	35,415	34,062	40.4	602	0.20%	0.23%
Ø2400	11,678	35,813	34,563	40.5	609	0.20%	0.23%

13. Vinyl Ester Shells

Like polyester shells, the properties of GRP laminates made with vinyl ester are determined according to the EN 13121-3 standard.

Diameter (mm)	Elastic Modulus Axial (MPa)	Elastic Modulus Circumferential (MPa)	Elastic Modulus Circumferential Bending (MPa)	Axial Tensile Strength (MPa)	Circumferential Tensile Strength (MPa)	Axial Strain Limit (%)	Circumferential Strain Limit (%)
Ø800	9,88	27,16	26,425	55.9	438	0.23%	0.30%
Ø1000	10,09	29,582	28,217	58.1	511	0.23%	0.30%
Ø1200	10,265	31,261	29,948	56.7	530	0.23%	0.30%
Ø1400	10,371	32,27	30,903	57.0	550	0.23%	0.30%
Ø1600	10,459	33,115	31,61	57.2	586	0.23%	0.30%
Ø1800	10,494	33,456	31,84	59.5	557	0.23%	0.30%
Ø2000	10,56	34,001	32,696	57.9	583	0.23%	0.30%
Ø2400	10,605	34,391	33,185	58.2	591	0.23%	0.30%



14.Components and Accessories

Component	Material	EN/DIN ISO	AISI/ASTM
Composite Parts (Base, Cover, Inspection Chamber)	GRP (Glass-Fiber Reinforced Polyester)	-	-
Shell	GRP (Glass-Fiber Reinforced Polyester)	EN13121	-
Handling Ears	Galvanized Steel	EN 10263-4	-
Mounting Feet (Inserts, Washers, Nuts)	Stainless Steel, Grade 1.4404	EN 10088-1	316L
Support Beams, Guide Bars, and Piping	Stainless Steel, Grade 1.4307	EN 10088-1	304L
Support Beams, Guide Bars, and Piping	Stainless Steel, Grade 1.4404	EN 10088-1	316L
Pipe Clamps	Stainless Steel, Grade 1.4307	EN 10088-1	304L
Pipe Clamps	PVC-U	8063	-
Pump Guide Bars	Stainless Steel, Grade 1.4404	EN 10088-1	316L
Pipe Fittings (Flanges, Elbows, Tees, Reducers)	Stainless Steel, Grade 1.4307	EN 10088-1	304L
Pipe Fittings (Flanges, Elbows, Tees, Reducers)	Stainless Steel, Grade 1.4404	EN 10088-1	316L
Pipe Fittings (Flanges, Elbows, Tees, Reducers)	PVC-U	8063	-
Discharge Piping	Stainless Steel, Grade 1.4404	EN 10088-1	316L
Discharge Piping	PVC-U	8063	-
Hinges, Support Legs, Locking Brackets	Stainless Steel, Grade 1.4307	EN 10088-1	304L
Safety grid Frame and Bars	Stainless Steel, Grade 1.4307	EN 10088-1	304L
Safety grid Frame and Bars	Stainless Steel, Grade 1.4404	EN 10088-1	316L
Safety grid Frame and Bars	GRP (Glass-Fiber Reinforced Polyester)	-	-
Fasteners (Nuts, Bolts, Washers, Studs)	Stainless Steel, Grade 1.4307	EN 10088-1	304L
Fasteners (Nuts, Bolts, Washers, Studs)	Stainless Steel, Grade 1.4404	EN 10088-1	316L
Screening Basket	Stainless Steel, Grade 1.4307	EN 10088-1	304L
Screening Basket	Stainless Steel, Grade 1.4404	EN 10088-1	316L
FlexSeal Connections (Gaskets, Tension Bands)	Elastomer	EN681-1	-
FlexSeal Connections	Stainless Steel, Grade 1.4301	EN 10088-1	304
WAGA Connection	Cast Iron	EN-GJS 450-10	-
Gibault Connection	Cast Iron	EN-GJL 250	-
Major Stop Connection (Flange, Gasket, Ring)	Cast Iron	EN-GJS 450-10	-
Major Stop Connection	Elastomer	EN681-1	-
Major Stop Connection	Aluminum Alloy AL6061	EN12167	-
Sight Glass Seal	Rubber	EN681-1	-
Bulkhead (Inlet, Overflow)	Stainless Steel, Grade 1.4404	EN 10088-1	316L
Bulkhead (Inlet, Overflow)	PVC-U	8063	-
Bulkhead (Inlet, Overflow)	GRP (Glass-Fiber Reinforced Polyester)	-	-